

Charles A. Hewlett Managing Director
William Maher Director of Strategy and Research
Kelly Mangold Principal



### **TODAY'S PANELISTS**



**Charles A. Hewlett** 

Managing Director

**P:** (240) 644-1006

E: chewlett@rclco.com



William Maher

Director of Strategy and Research

**P:** (301) 455-5295

E: wmaher@rclco.com



**Kelly Mangold** 

Principal

**P:** (240) 669-5638

E: kmangold@rclco.com



### **AGENDA**

**Sentiment Survey Results** 

**RCLCO POV** 

**Real Estate Market Fundamentals and Returns** 

A&Q



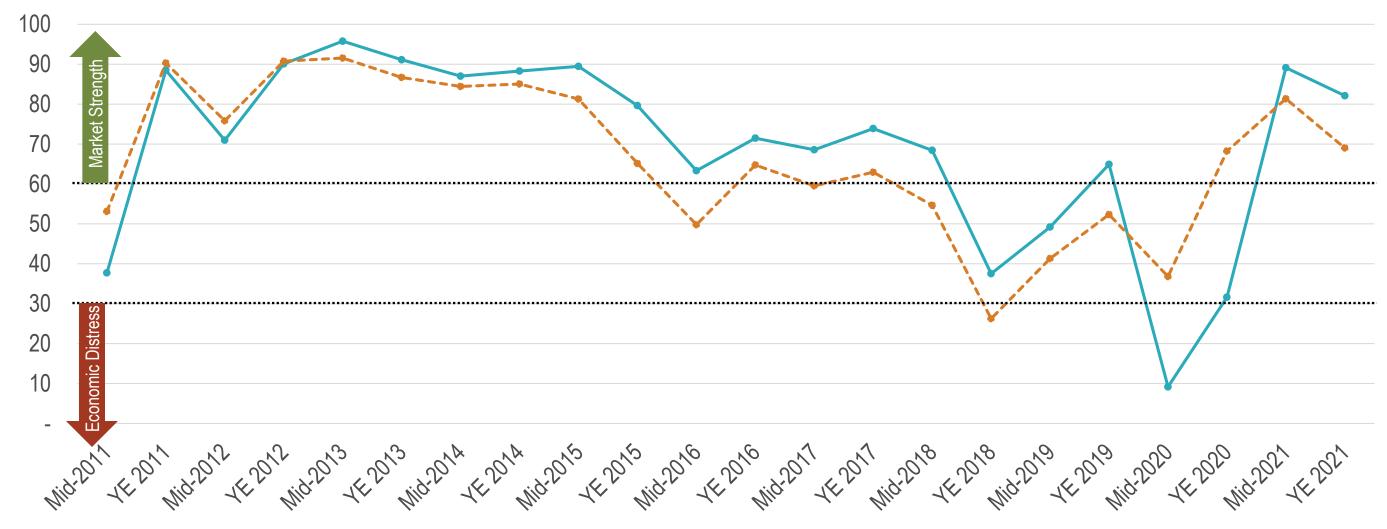
# SENTIMENT SURVEY RESULTS



# SLIGHT DECLINE SINCE MID-YEAR, YET REMAINS STRONG

**CURRENT RMI INDEX AT 82, DOWN FROM 89** 

#### **RCLCO National Real Estate Market Index**





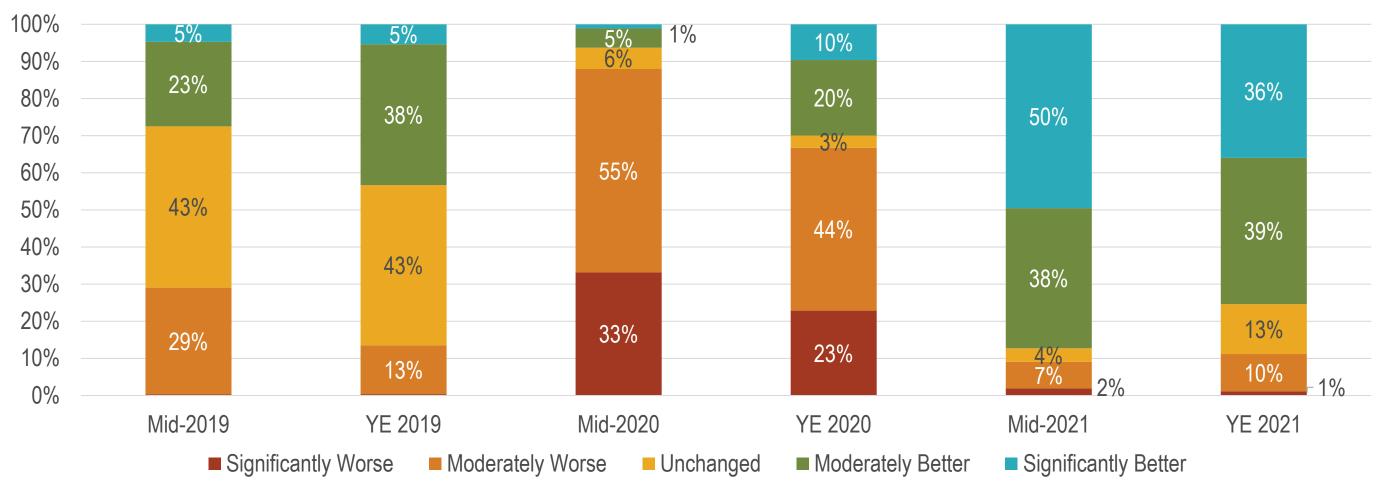
--- Current RMI US --- Predicted (12 Month) RMI US

#### 75% BELIEVE CONDITIONS ARE IMPROVING

#### **DOWN FROM 88% AT MID-YEAR**

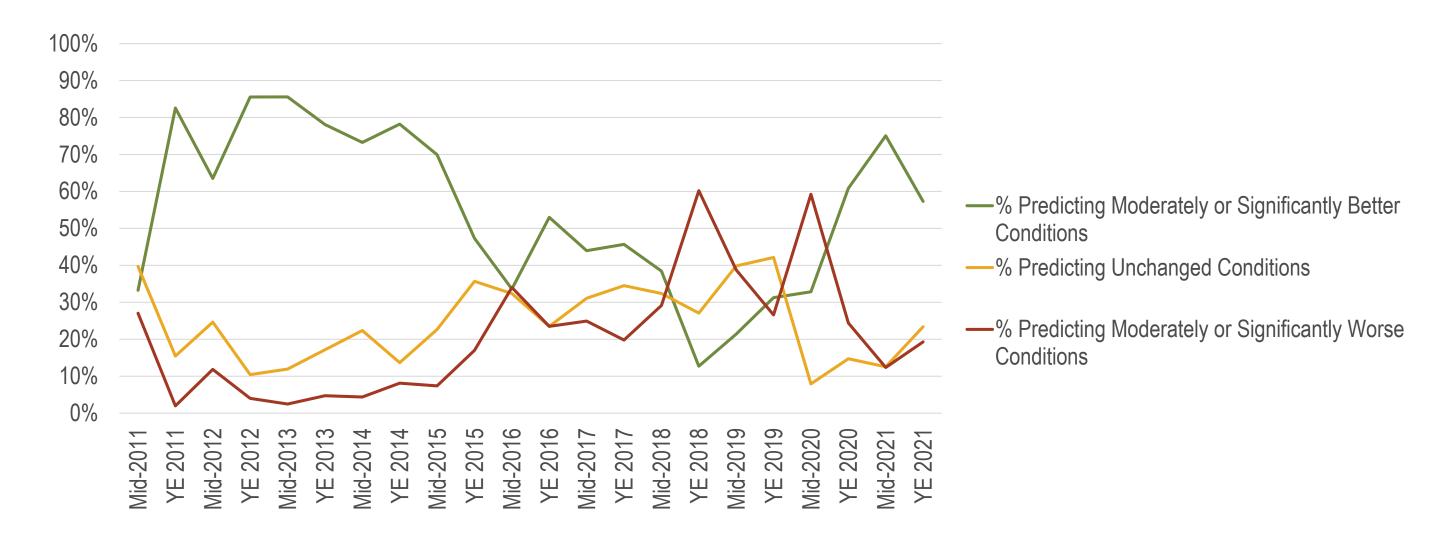
#### How Would You Rate National Real Estate Market Conditions Today Compared With 1 Year Ago?

Current U.S. Market Sentiment over Time





# 12-MONTH FORWARD U.S. REAL ESTATE MARKET PREDICTIONS OVER TIME

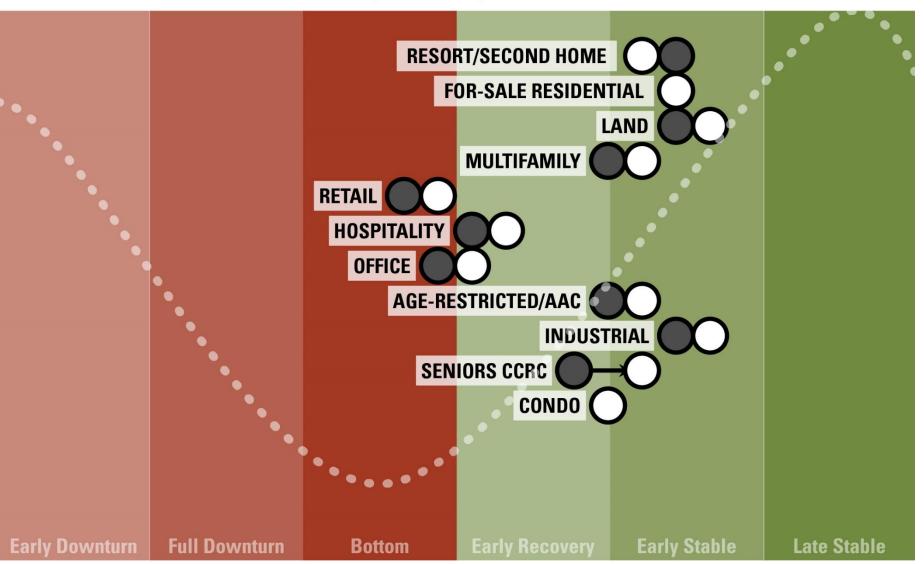




### CYCLE STAGE MOVEMENT OVER SIX MONTHS

#### **Cycle Stage Movement over Past Six Months**

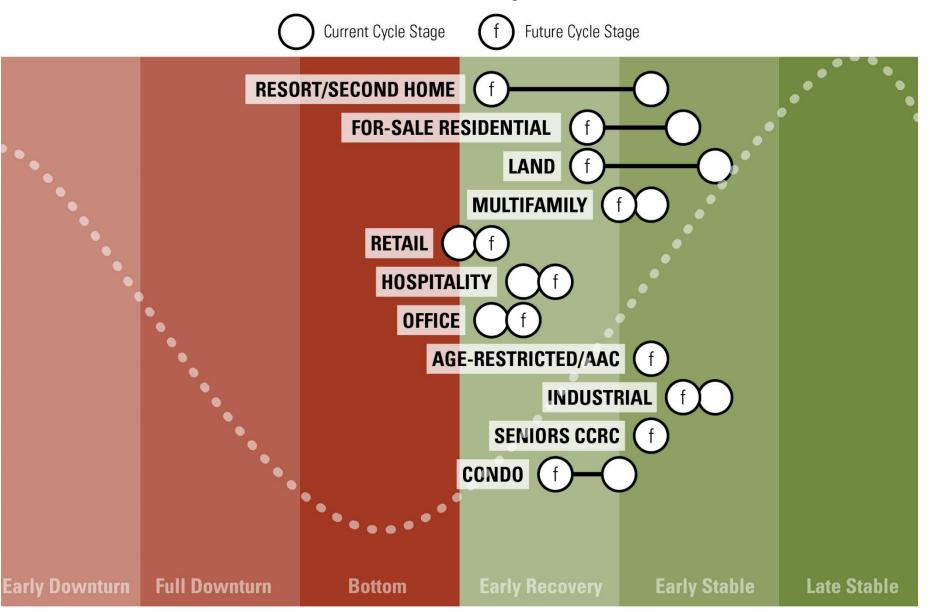
● Mid-2021 ● YE 2021





### PREDICTED CYCLE STAGE MOVEMENTS

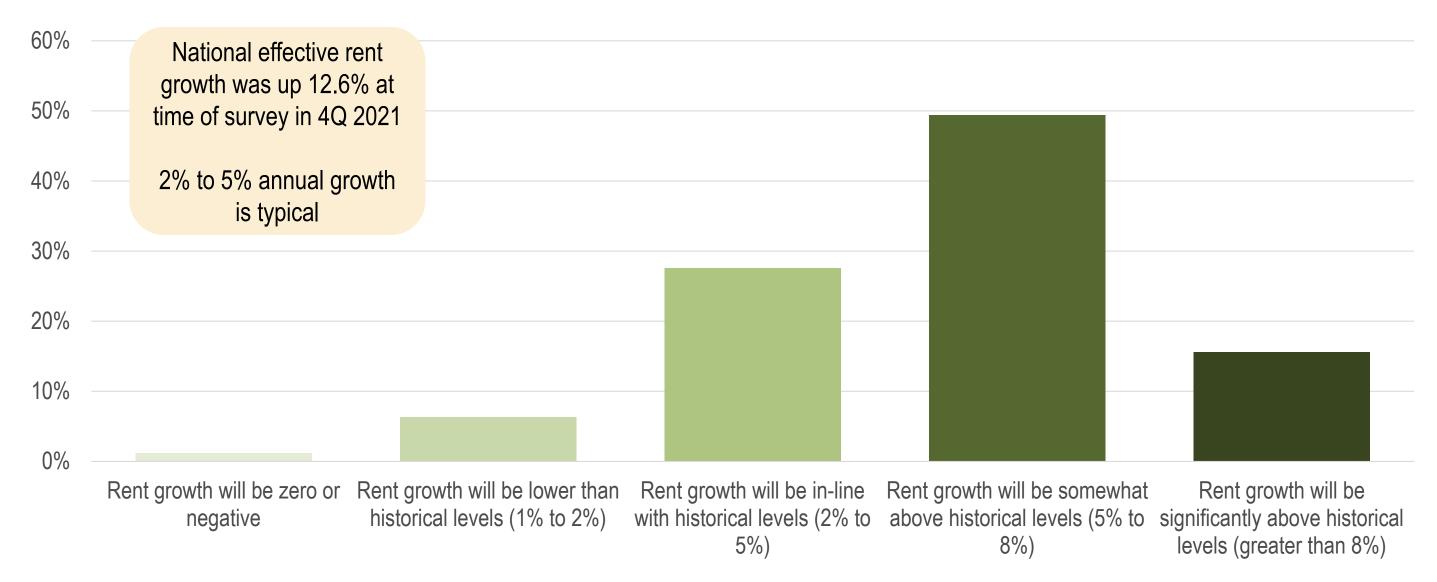
#### **RCLCO Real Estate Cycle Chart**





#### **EXPECTED APARTMENT RENT GROWTH IN 2022**

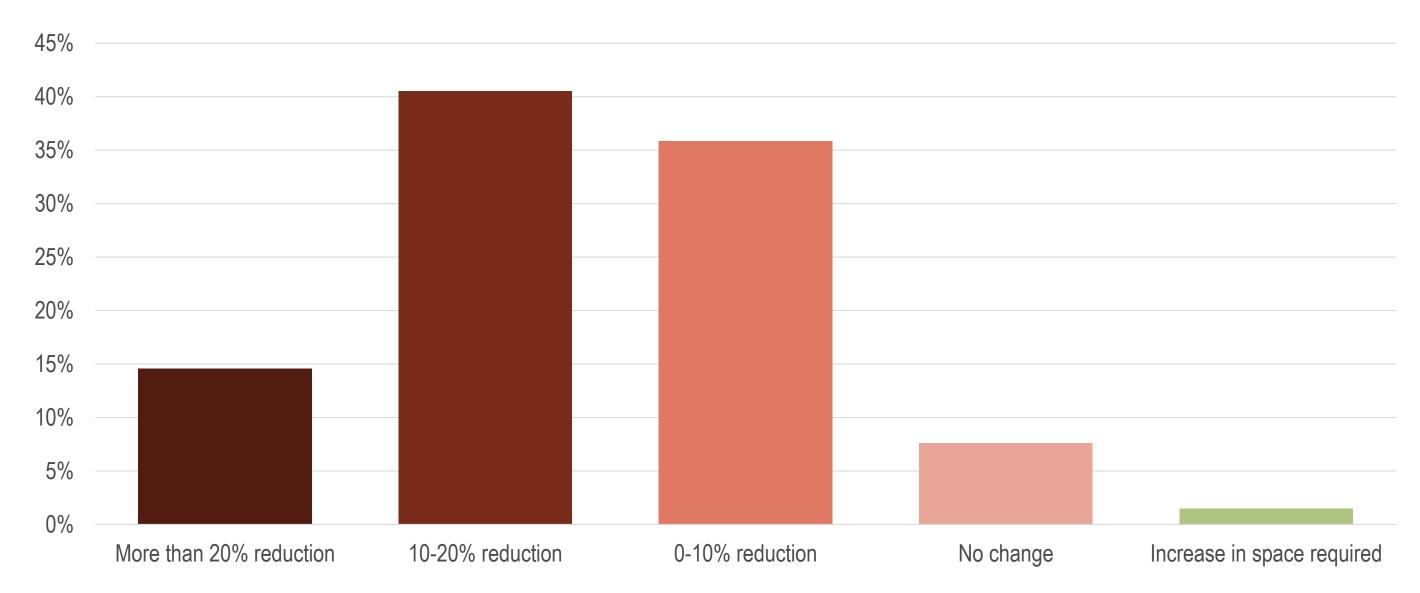
Respondents asked to predict national growth for next year, after 2021's historical rent gains





#### **COVID-19 IMPACT ON OFFICE DEMAND**

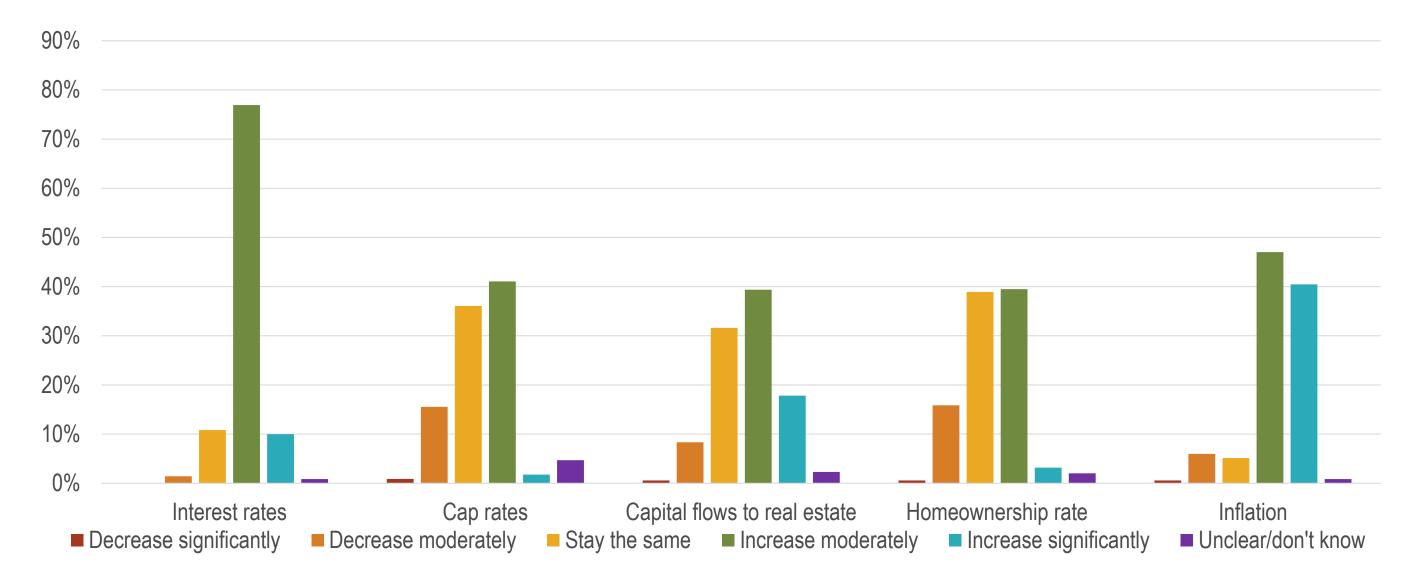
#### Respondents asked to predict pandemic's impact on pre-Covid demand estimates





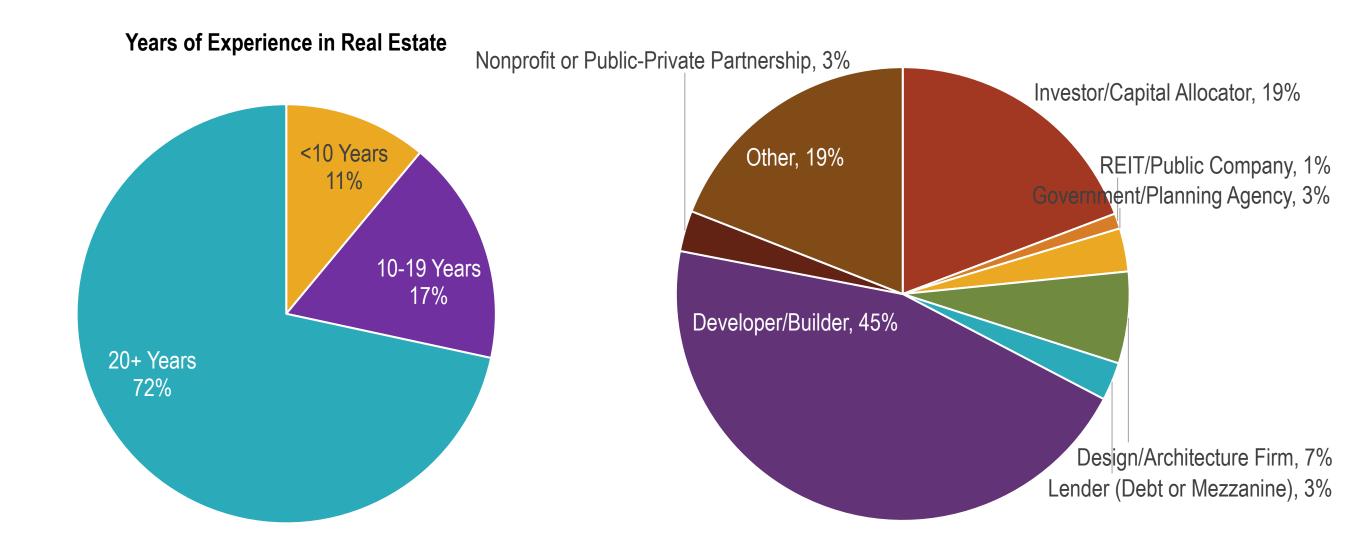
### **ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN 12 MONTHS**

#### Forward looking projections



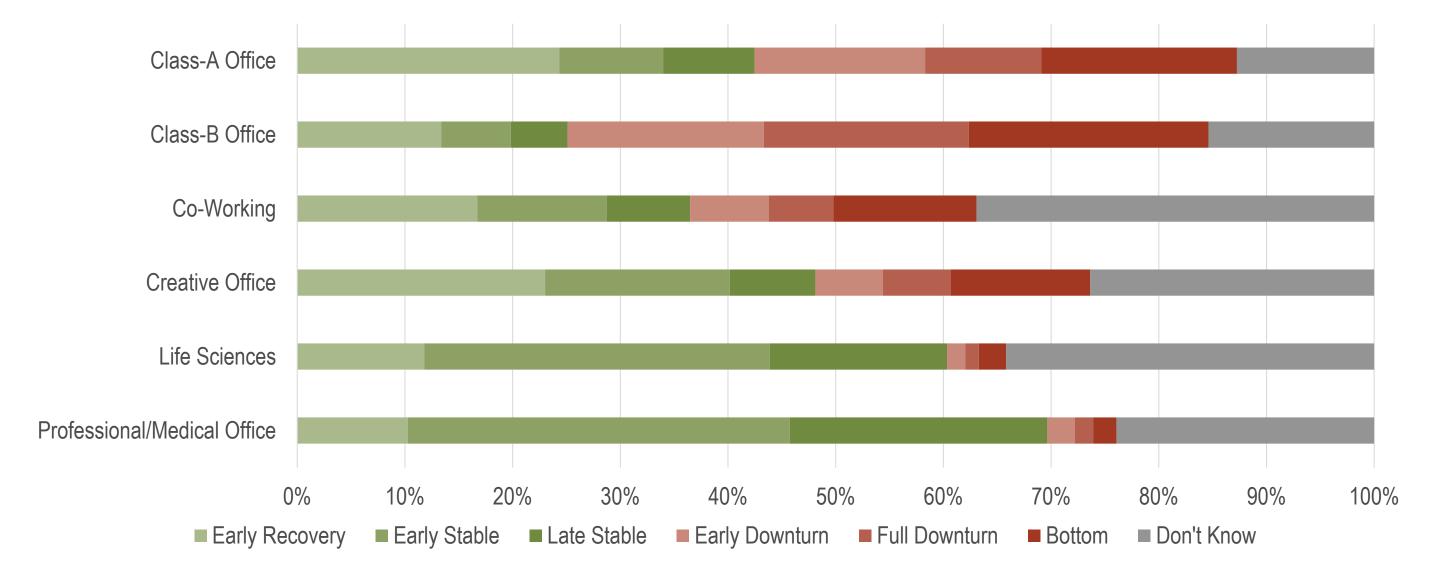


### WHO TOOK THE SURVEY?





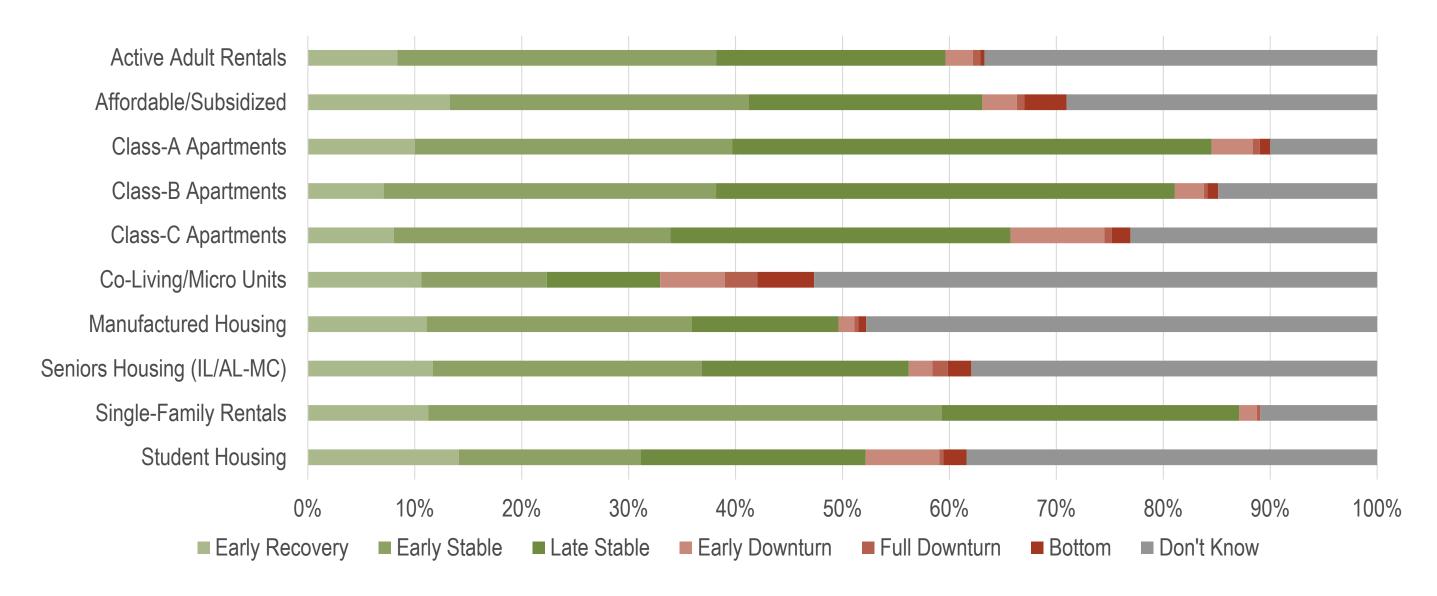
### **OFFICE - TODAY**





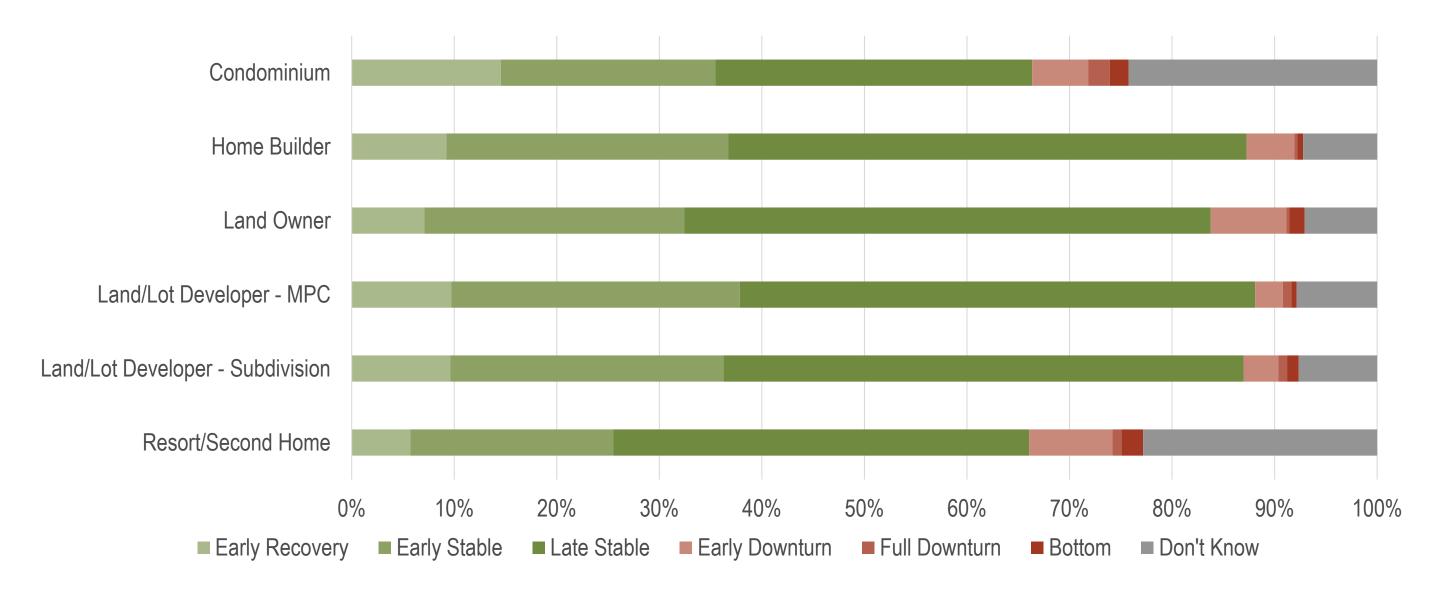
Source: RCLCO

#### FOR-RENT RESIDENTIAL - TODAY



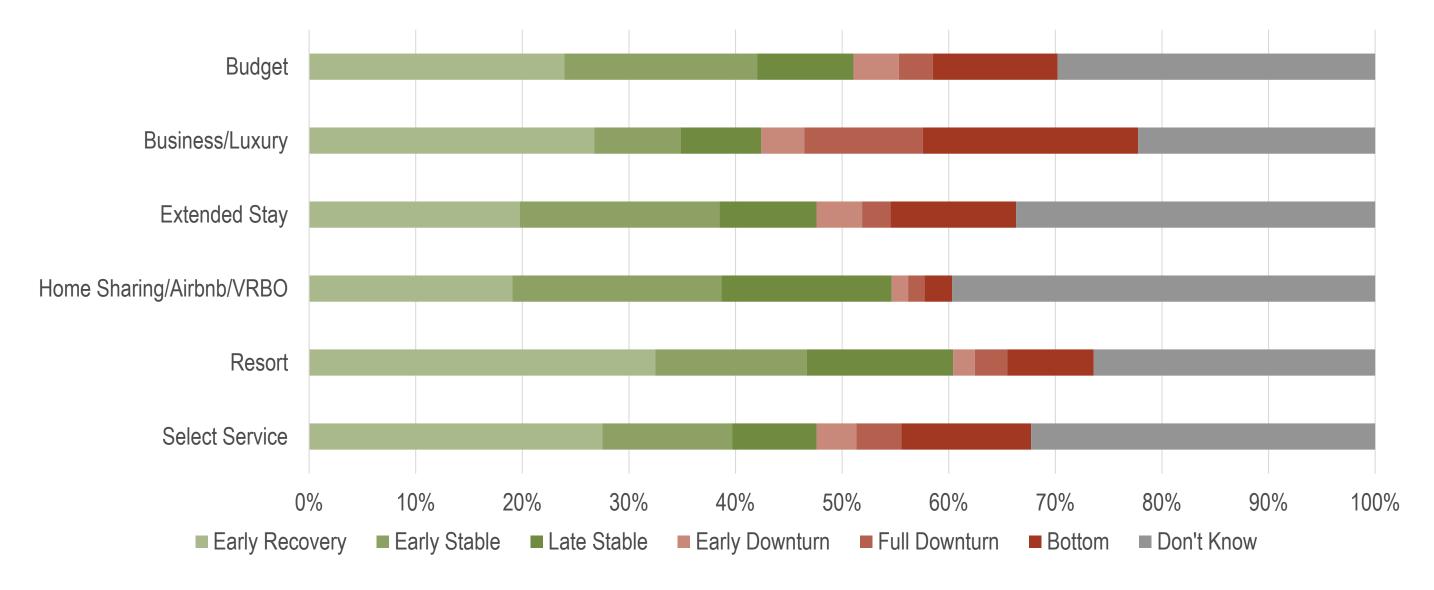


# FOR-SALE RESIDENTIAL - TODAY





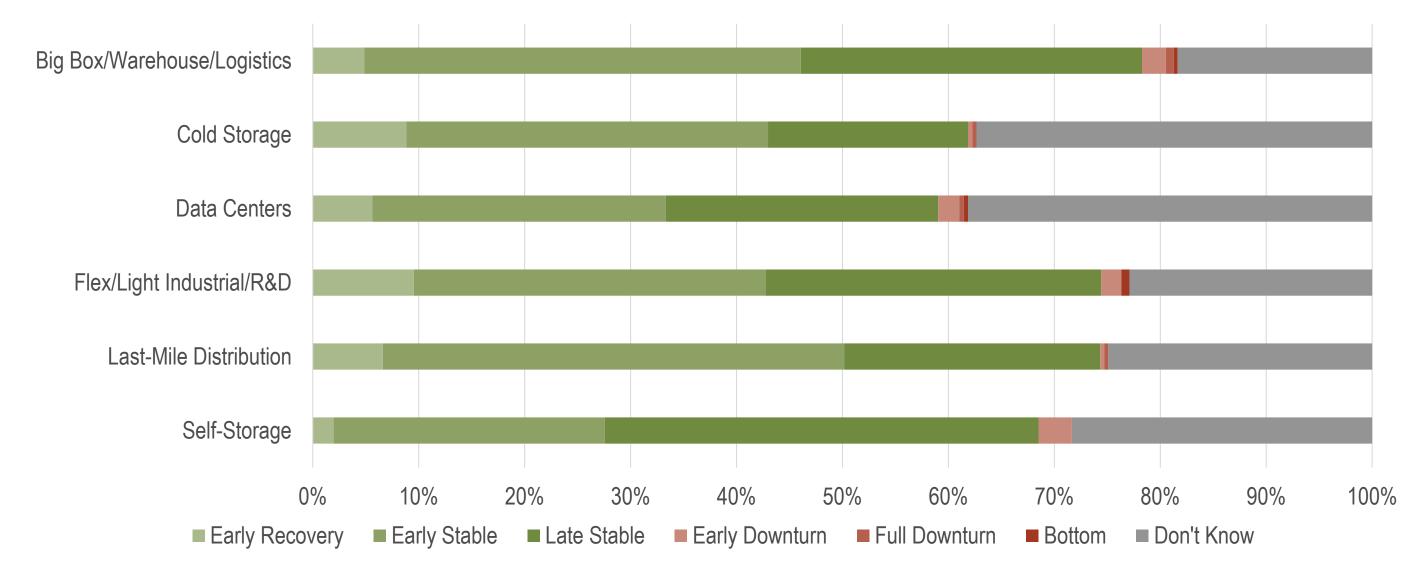
# **HOSPITALITY - TODAY**





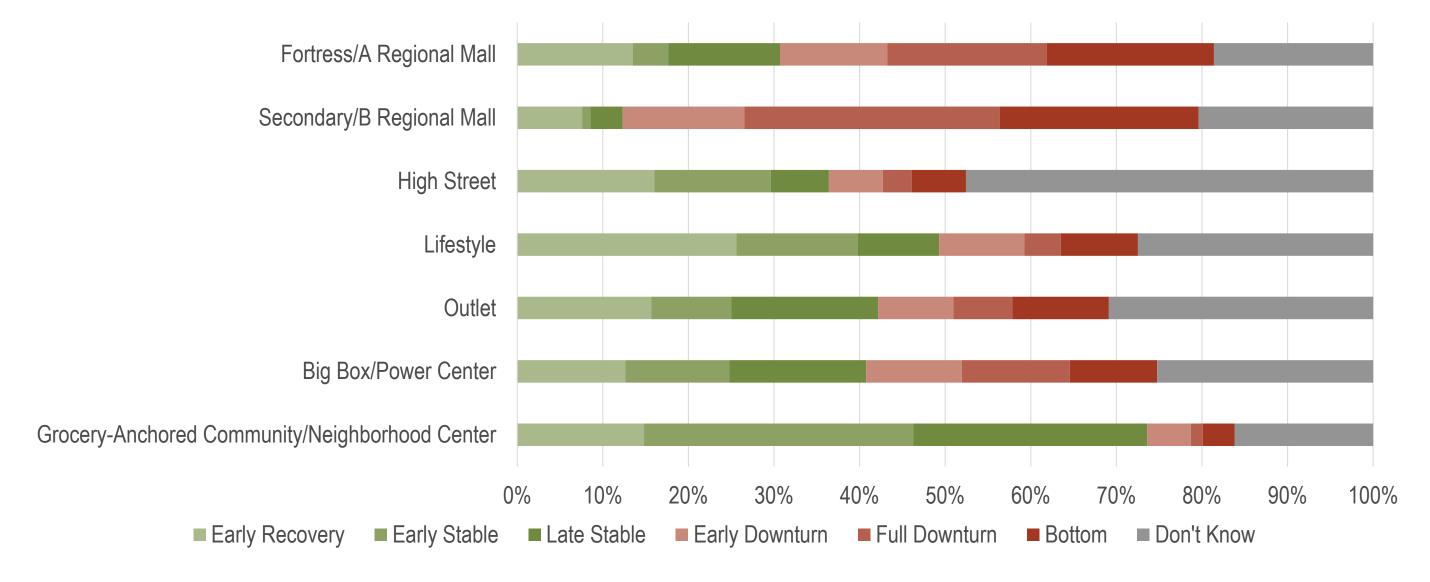
Source: RCLCO

### **INDUSTRIAL - TODAY**





### **RETAIL - TODAY**





Source: RCLCO

# **RCLCO POV**

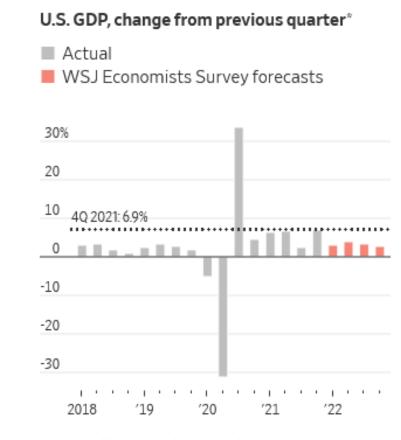


#### RCLCO POV

#### Easing Supply Constraints Should Support Continued Growth in 2022 – Risk Factors Aplenty

#### THINGS TO FEEL GOOD ABOUT:

- U.S. economy grew at **6.9%** rate in Q4 2021 the biggest gain since 1984
- U.S. employment has recouped 85% of COVID job losses
- Unemployment lowest since February 2020 at **3.9%**
- Labor force participation highest since February 2020 at 61.9%
- U.S. economy forecasted to add **4.4** million jobs in 2022
  - October and November payrolls were revised upwards a combined **141,000** jobs
- Omicron wave is receding rapidly in some of the hardest hit regions in the country
- GDP growth is expected to continue to gain momentum in 2022
  - Defeat of the Biden BBB plan in the Senate has reduced long-term growth forecasts
  - However, lack of additional stimulus will likely reduce demand and dampen inflationary pressures



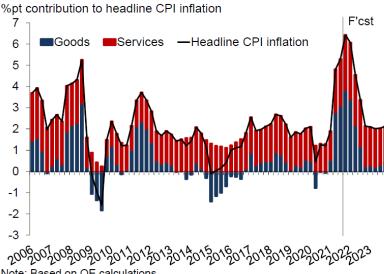
"Seasonally adjusted at annual rates Sources: Commerce Department (actual); Wall Street Journal Economic Forecasting Survey (forecasts)



#### THINGS TO FEEL NERVOUS ABOUT:

- U.S. economy capped 2021 on a mixed note...
  - Job growth rose a weaker than expected **199,000** in December
- Labor force participation is still 1.5 points below pre-pandemic levels
  - Rising participation is critical to meeting the forecasted job growth
- Supply chains have improved, but remain a critical issue driving inflation and dampening retail sales
  - COVID-19 Omicron variant is hampering efforts to clear backlog of 100 container ships at the ports of LA and LB
  - **800** dockworkers representing nearly **1** in **10** of the daily workforce at these ports were unavailable due to infections
- Inflation is expected to remain elevated through Q1 until supply/demand imbalances ease and inflation moderates in H2 2022
  - Consumer prices reached a 7% annual rate in 2021, the highest rate since June 1982
- Fed is likely to begin raising rates in March, with **4** rates hikes in total in 2022
  - In addition, balance sheet reduction (quantitative tightening) likely starts mid-year

#### US: Goods and services inflation



Source: Oxford Economics

#### **POSSIBLE WILD CARD EVENTS:**



- Lingering Pandemic Risk
  - Additional variant surges dampens recovery



- **Growing Geopolitical Risk** 
  - The Ukraine Factor plunges the globe into conflict



- Likely Legislative Risk
  - Divided government results in paralysis (this is probably good for you and me)



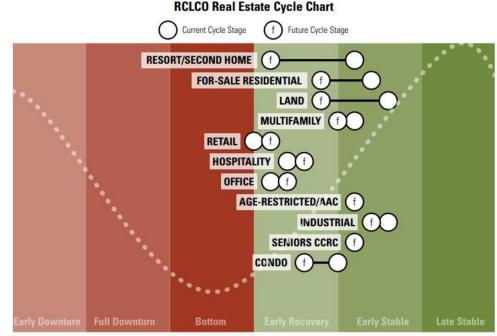
- Inflation Risk
  - Conventional wisdom continues to get it wrong



#### RCLCO POV

#### **IMPACTS FOR REAL ESTATE:**

- Rising interest rates could put downward pressure on CRE values & moderate demand for for-sale housing
  - However, pent-up demand & historically low rates in the housing sector will likely keep this sector healthy
  - New home sales at 10-month high in December
- Multifamily and single-family (both for-sale and for-rent) remain strong given supply/demand fundamentals
- Industrial/logistics demand remains robust
  - Drivers: ecommerce penetration & just-in-case inventory strategies
- Niche sectors remain favored asset classes and are likely to outperform
  - Medical office & data centers
- Office and hotel demand continues to recover more slowly
  - Drivers: remote work & reduced business travel will be slow to reverse
- Retail will continue to reinvent itself (this is actually not new, but accelerated
  - Service/necessity and experiential retail continuing to gain momentum
  - Other retail segments impacted by changing consumer behavior and ecommerce will struggle





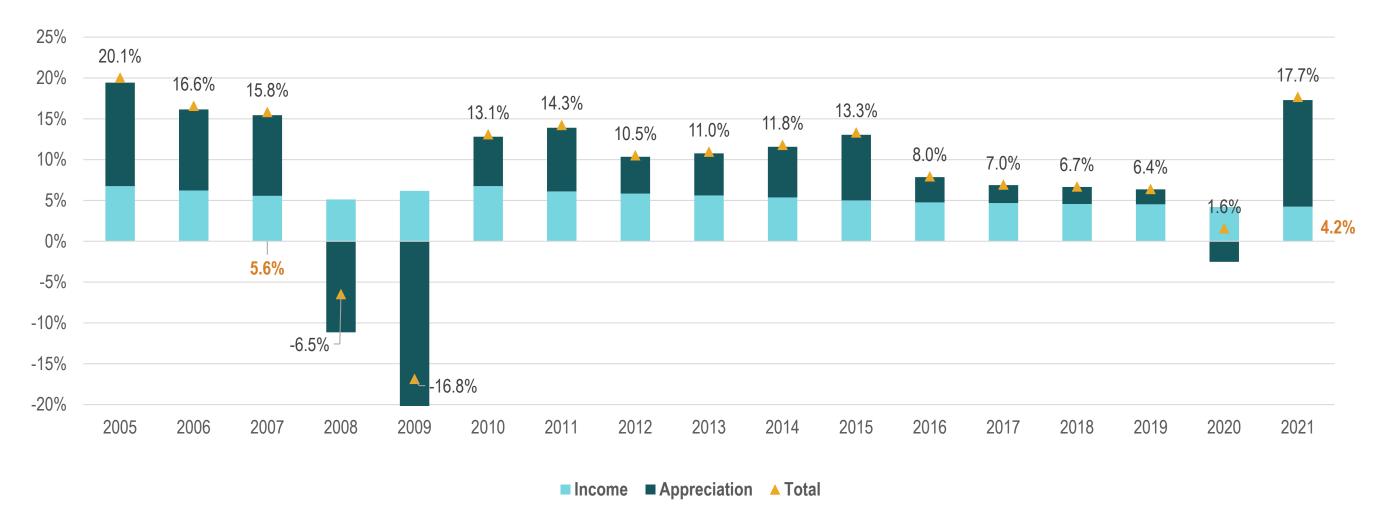


# MARKET FUNDAMENTALS



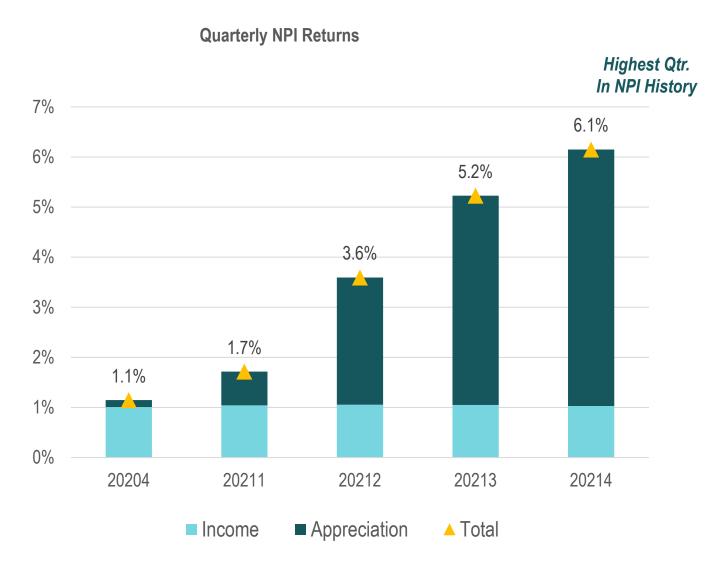
#### NPI RETURNS END 2021 CLOSE TO RECORD HIGH

#### **Annual NPI Returns**

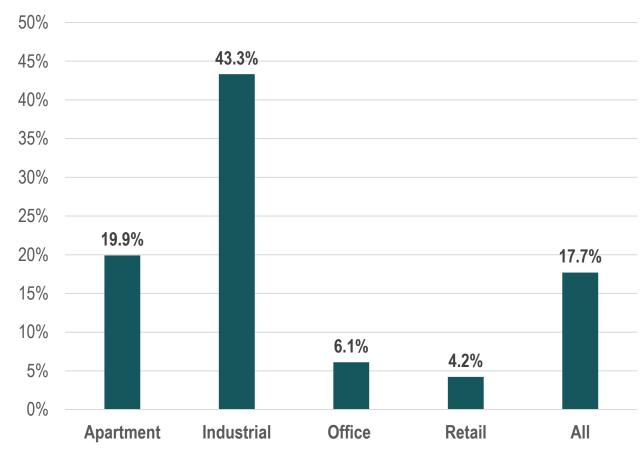




### NPI RETURNS END 2021 CLOSE TO RECORD HIGH



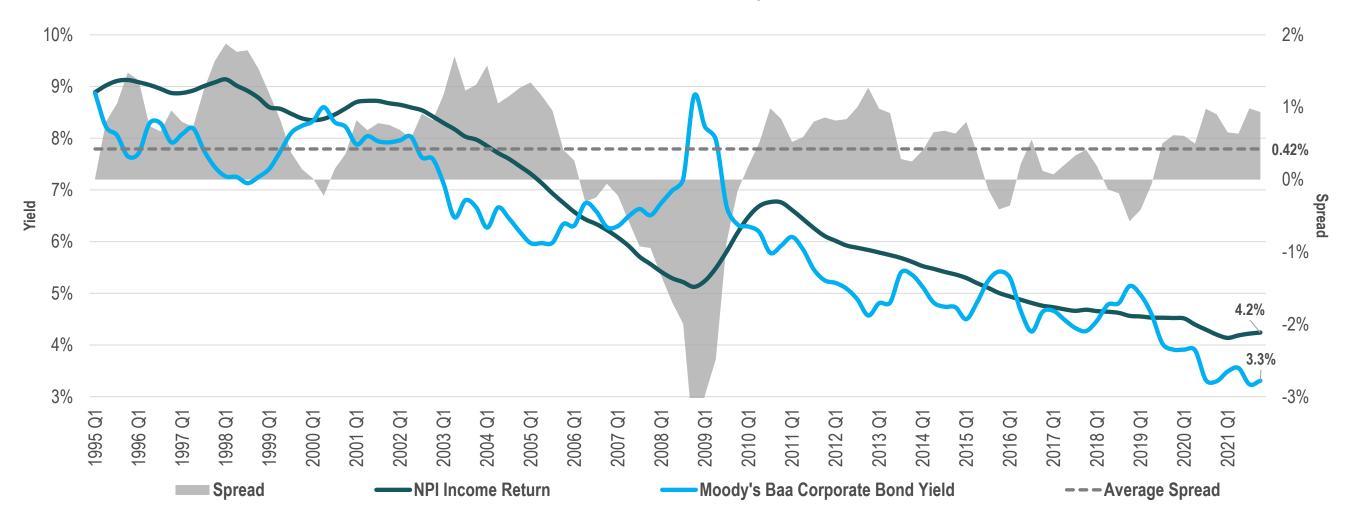
#### Total Return by NPI Property Type, 4Q Ending 4Q 2021





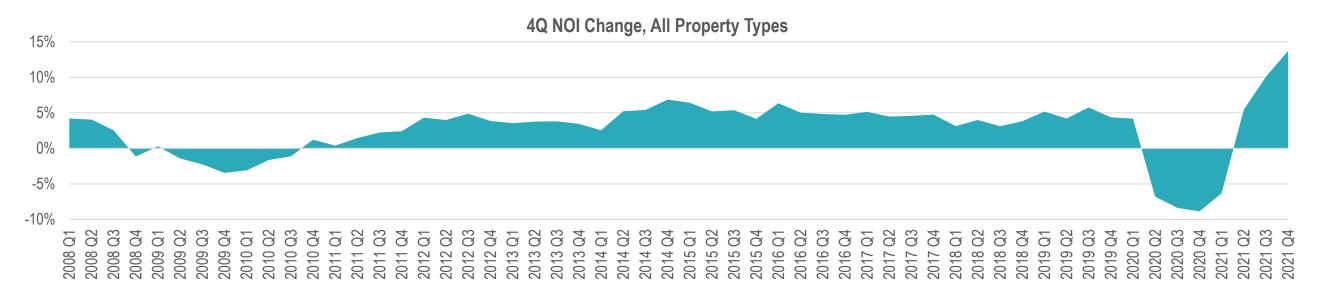
### NPI INCOME SPREAD TO BAA ABOVE LT AVERAGE

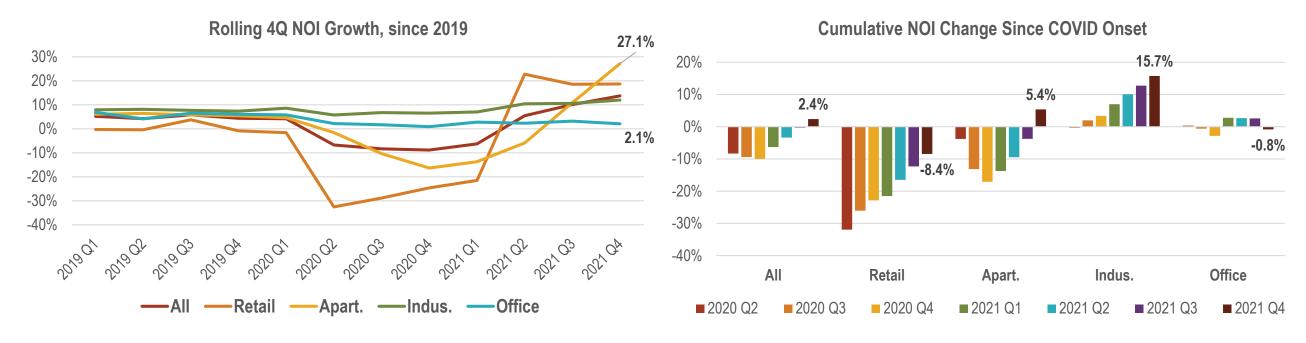






#### INDUSTRIAL AND APARTMENT NOI ABOVE PRE-COVID

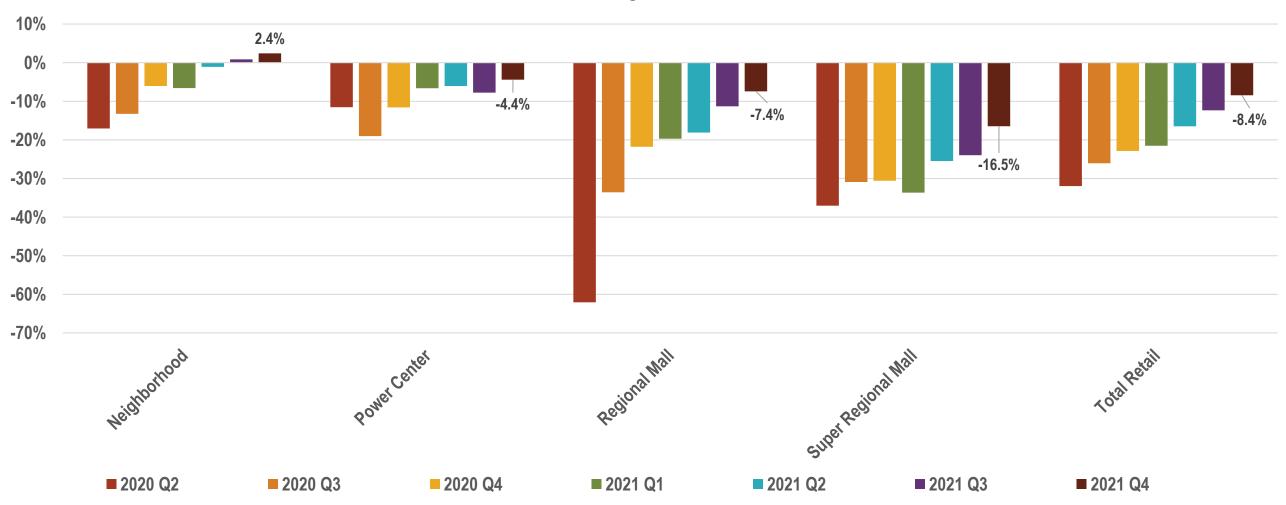






### NEIGHBORHOOD CENTERS RECOVER; MALLS STRUGGLE

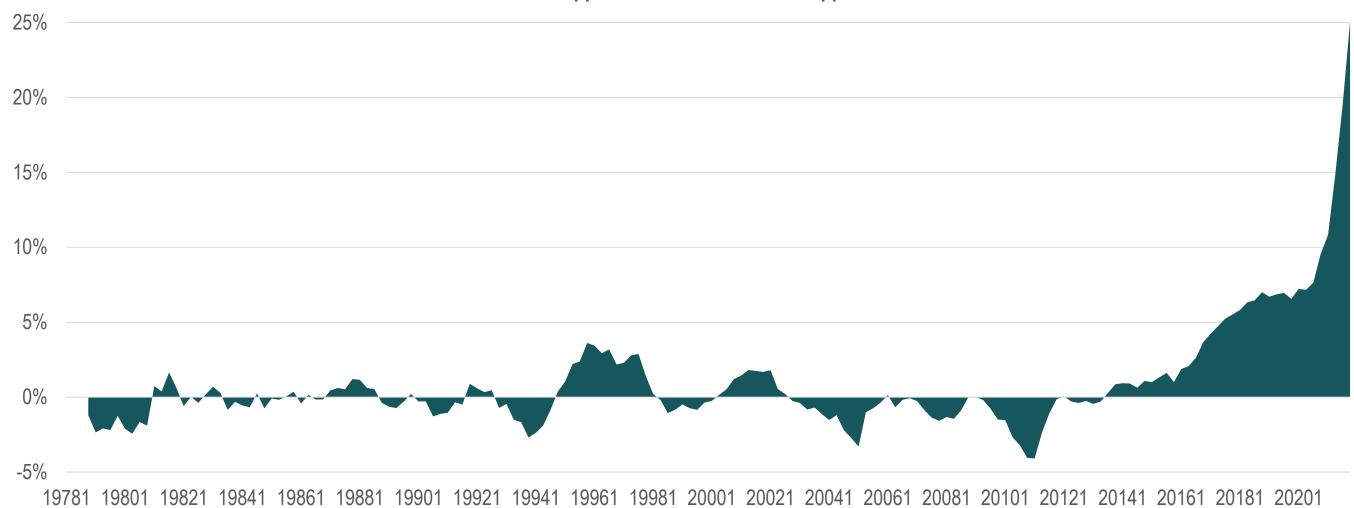






#### INDUSTRIAL APPRECIATION OUTPERFORMING

#### **Industrial Appreciation Less Total NPI Appreciation**





## INDUSTRIAL NPI RETURNS UNPRECEDENTED

NPI Trailing 1 Year Total Returns by Metro	Total	Apartment	Industrial	Office	Retail
Riverside	65.5%	34.0%	75.6%	-	4.4%
Orange County	28.2%	26.9%	58.2%	2.6%	4.6%
Phoenix	27.2%	44.1%	44.3%	3.5%	9.9%
Atlanta	24.0%	27.0%	36.8%	9.7%	10.6%
Cambridge, MA	22.4%	23.0%	44.0%	27.9%	-7.5%
San Diego	20.9%	23.7%	49.8%	21.9%	4.1%
Los Angeles	20.9%	13.4%	57.2%	5.7%	2.4%
Dallas	20.6%	24.1%	38.8%	5.8%	2.8%
Miami	19.9%	23.9%	34.2%	4.3%	2.9%
Austin	19.8%	24.7%	40.4%	11.9%	9.7%
Oakland	18.8%	13.3%	32.8%	13.2%	4.6%
Denver	18.7%	29.2%	24.3%	4.8%	5.0%
Seattle	15.1%	17.9%	28.2%	9.6%	0.6%
Chicago	10.6%	8.9%	26.7%	3.3%	1.8%
New York	10.4%	8.4%	47.4%	2.2%	-1.5%
Houston	9.3%	15.0%	24.2%	2.0%	5.2%
San Jose	9.1%	10.5%	20.5%	8.9%	1.1%
Boston	8.8%	15.2%	36.5%	4.5%	3.8%
Washington DC	6.7%	14.8%	35.8%	2.3%	3.3%
San Francisco	5.8%	6.2%	20.2%	5.2%	-1.1%



# **THANK YOU**

**Questions?** 

